

MATCHING WORD PARTS 1

Write the correct answer in the middle column.

Definition	Correct Answer	Possible Answers
8.1. anus	_____	an/o
8.2. bile, gall	_____	chol/e
8.3. large intestine	_____	col/o
8.4. swallowing	_____	enter/o
8.5. small intestine	_____	-phagia

MATCHING WORD PARTS 2

Write the correct answer in the middle column.

Definition	Correct Answer	Possible Answers
8.6. stomach	_____	cholecyst/o
8.7. liver	_____	esophag/o
8.8. gallbladder	_____	gastr/o
8.9. esophagus	_____	hepat/o
8.10. presence of stones	_____	-lithiasis

MATCHING WORD PARTS 3

Write the correct answer in the middle column.

Definition	Correct Answer	Possible Answers
8.11. sigmoid colon	_____	-pepsia
8.12. anus and rectum	_____	-emesis

- 8.13. digestion _____ **proct/o**
- 8.14. vomiting _____ **rect/o**
- 8.15. rectum _____ **sigmoid/o**

DEFINITIONS

Select the correct answer and write it on the line provided.

- 8.16. The visual examination of the anal canal and lower rectum is known as _____ .
 anoscopy colonoscopy proctoscopy sigmoidoscopy
- 8.17. The term _____ means any disease of the mouth due to a fungus.
 salmonellosis stomatomycosis stomatoplasty stomatorrhagia
- 8.18. The _____ is the last and longest portion of the small intestine.
 cecum ileum jejunum pylorus
- 8.19. The liver removes excess _____ from the bloodstream.
 bilirubin glucose glycogen lipase
- 8.20. The liver secretes _____ , which is stored in the gallbladder for later use.
 bile glycogen insulin pepsin
- 8.21. The _____ travels upward from the cecum to the under
 surface of the liver.
 ascending colon descending colon sigmoid colon transverse colon
- 8.22. The process of the building up of body cells and substances from nutrients is known as _____ .
 anabolism catabolism defecation mastication
- 8.23. The receptors of taste are located on the dorsum of the _____ .
 hard palate rugae tongue uvula
- 8.24. The bone and soft tissues that surround and support the teeth are known as the _____ .
 dentition gingiva occlusion periodontium

8.25. The condition characterized by the telescoping of one part of the intestine into another is _____.

- borborygmus flatus intussusception volvulus

MATCHING STRUCTURES

Write the correct answer in the middle column.

Definition	Correct Answer	Possible Answers
8.26. connects the small and large intestine	_____	cecum
8.27. S-shaped structure of the large intestine	_____	duodenum
8.28. widest division of the large intestine	_____	jejunum
8.29. middle portion of the small intestine	_____	rectum
8.30. first portion of the small intestine	_____	sigmoid colon

WHICH WORD?

Select the correct answer and write it on the line provided.

8.31. The medical term meaning vomiting blood is _____.

- hematemesis hyperemesis

8.32. The _____ virus is transmitted by the fecal oral route.

- hepatitis A hepatitis B

8.33. _____ is a form of food poisoning that is often fatal.

- Botulism Bulimia

8.34. The medical term meaning inflammation of the small intestine is _____.

- colitis enteritis

8.35. The _____ hangs from the free edge of the soft palate.

- rugae uvula

SPELLING COUNTS

Find the misspelled word in each sentence. Then write that word, spelled correctly, on the line provided.

8.36. An ilectomy is the surgical removal of the last portion of the small intestine. _____

8.37. The epaglottis is a lid-like structure that prevents food and liquids from moving from the pharynx during swallowing. _____

8.38. Surgical suturing of the liver is known as hepatarrhaphy. _____

8.39. A proctoplexy is the surgical fixation of the rectum to some adjacent tissue or organ. _____

8.40. The lack of adequate saliva due to the absence of or diminished secretions by the salivary glands is known as zerostomia. _____

ABBREVIATION IDENTIFICATION

In the space provided, write the words that each abbreviation stands for.

8.41. **CCE** _____

8.42. **CRC** _____

8.43. **GERD** _____

8.44. **IBS** _____

8.45. **PU** _____

TERM SELECTION

Select the correct answer and write it on the line provided.

8.46. The surgical removal of all or part of the stomach is a _____.

- gastrectomy gastritis gastroenteritis gastrotomy

8.47. The medical term meaning difficulty in swallowing is _____.

- anorexia dyspepsia dysphagia pyrosis

8.48. The infectious intestinal disease known as _____ is caused by the one-celled parasite *Entamoeba histolytica*.

- amebic dysentery cholera salmonella typhoid fever

8.49. The progressive degeneration of the liver in which scar tissue replaces normal tissue is called _____.

- cirrhosis
- hepatitis D
- hepatitis E
- hepatomegaly

8.50 The pigment produced by the destruction of hemoglobin in the liver is called _____.

- bile
- bilirubin
- hydrochloric acid
- pancreatic juice

SENTENCE COMPLETION

Write the correct term on the line provided.

8.51. The excessive swallowing of air while eating or drinking is known as _____.

8.52. The return of swallowed food to the mouth is known as _____.

8.53. A yellow discoloration of the skin caused by greater-than-normal amounts of bilirubin in the blood is called _____.

8.54. The _____ is the ring-like muscle that controls the flow from the stomach to the small intestine.

8.55. The medical term for the solid body wastes that are expelled through the rectum is/are _____.

WORD SURGERY

Divide each term into its component word parts. Write these word parts, in sequence, on the lines provided. When necessary use a slash (/) to indicate a combining vowel. (You may not need all of the lines provided.)

8.56. An **esophagogastroduodenoscopy** is an endoscopic procedure that allows direct visualization of the upper GI tract.

8.57. A **periodontist** is a dental specialist who prevents or treats disorders of the tissues surrounding the teeth.

8.58. A **sigmoidoscopy** is the endoscopic examination of the interior of the rectum, sigmoid colon, and possibly a portion of the descending colon.

8.59. An **antiemetic** is a medication that is administered to prevent or relieve nausea and vomiting.

8.60. A **gastroduodenostomy** is the establishment of an anastomosis between the upper portion of the stomach and the duodenum.

TRUE/FALSE

If the statement is true, write **True** on the line. If the statement is false, write **False** on the line.

8.61. _____ Cholangitis is an acute infection of the bile duct characterized by pain in the upper right quadrant of the abdomen, fever, and jaundice.

8.62. _____ Cholangiography is an endoscopic diagnostic procedure.

8.63. _____ Acute necrotizing ulcerative gingivitis is caused by the abnormal growth of bacteria in the mouth.

8.64. _____ Bruxism means to be without natural teeth.

8.65. _____ A choledocholithotomy is an incision in the common bile duct for the removal of gallstones.

CLINICAL CONDITIONS

Write the correct answer on the line provided.

8.66. James Ridgeview was diagnosed as having _____, which is the partial or complete blockage of the small and/or large intestine.

8.67. Chang Hoon suffers from _____. This condition is an abnormal accumulation of serous fluid in the peritoneal cavity.

8.68. Rita Martinez is a dentist. She described her patient Mr. Espinoza as being _____, which means that he was without natural teeth.

8.69. Baby Kilgore was vomiting almost continuously. The medical term for this excessive vomiting is _____.

8.70. A/An _____ was performed on Mr. Schmidt to create an artificial excretory opening between his colon and body surface.

- 8.71. After eating, Mike Delahanty often complained about heartburn. The medical term for this condition is _____.
- 8.72. After the repeated passage of black, tarry, and foul-smelling stools, Catherine Baldwin was diagnosed as having _____. This condition is caused by the presence of digested blood in the stools.
- 8.73. Alberta Roberts was diagnosed as having an inflammation of one or more diverticula. The medical term for this condition is _____.
- 8.74. Carlotta has are blister-like sores on her lips and adjacent facial tissue. She says they are cold sores; however, the medical term for this condition is _____.
- 8.75. Lisa Wilson saw her dentist because she was concerned about bad breath. Her dentist refers to this condition as _____.

WHICH IS THE CORRECT MEDICAL TERM?

Select the correct answer and write it on the line provided.

- 8.76. The _____ test detects hidden blood in the stools.
 anoscopy colonoscopy enema Hemocult
- 8.77. A/An _____ is a surgical connection between two hollow or tubular structures.
 anastomosis ostomy stoma sphincter
- 8.78. The eating disorder characterized by voluntary starvation and excessive exercising because of an intense fear of gaining weight is known as _____.
 anorexia anorexia nervosa bulimia bulimia nervosa
- 8.79. The hardened deposit that forms on the teeth and irritate the surrounding tissues is known as dental _____.
 calculus caries decay plaque
- 8.80. The surgical repair of the rectum is known as _____.
 anoplasty palatoplasty proctopexy proctoplasty

CHALLENGE WORD BUILDING

These terms are *not* found in this chapter; however, they are made up of the following familiar word parts. If you need help in creating the term, refer to your medical dictionary.

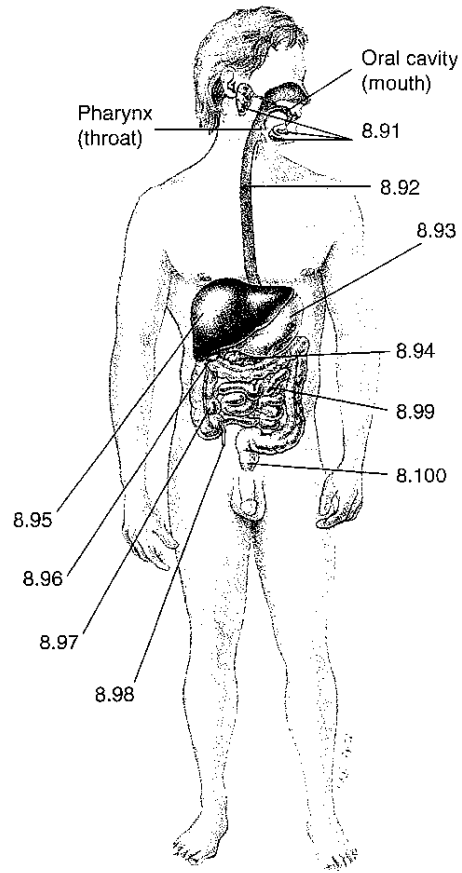
col/o	-algia
enter/o	-ectomy
esophag/o	-itis
gastr/o	-megaly
hepat/o	-ic
proct/o	-pexy
sigmoid/o	-rrhaphy

- 8.81. Surgical suturing of a stomach wound is known as _____ .
- 8.82. Pain in the esophagus is known as _____ .
- 8.83. The surgical removal of all or part of the sigmoid colon is a/an _____ .
- 8.84. Pain in and around the anus and rectum is known as _____ .
- 8.85. The surgical fixation of the stomach to correct displacement is a/an _____ .
- 8.86. Inflammation of the sigmoid colon is known as _____ .
- 8.87. The surgical removal of all or part of the esophagus and stomach is a/an _____ .
- 8.88. The term meaning relating to the liver and intestines is _____ .
- 8.89. Abnormal enlargement of the liver is known as _____ .
- 8.90. Inflammation of the stomach, small intestine, and large intestine is known as _____ .

LABELING EXERCISES

Identify the numbered items on the accompanying figure.

- 8.91. _____ glands
- 8.92. _____
- 8.93. _____
- 8.94. _____
- 8.95. _____
- 8.96. _____
- 8.97. _____ intestine
- 8.98. vermiform _____
- 8.99. _____ intestine
- 8.100. _____ and anus



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